- 1. What are the "phases of matter?"
- 2. Draw the molecular diagram of a solid. What is a solid?
- 3. Draw the molecular diagram of a liquid. What is a liquid?
- 4. Draw the molecular diagram of a gas. What is a gas?
- 5. What are intermolecular forces?
- 6. A "competition" always exists between \_\_\_\_\_\_ and intermolecular forces.

7. Different substances have different melting points because the intermolecular forces \_\_\_\_\_\_.

| a) exist | b) vary | c) increase | d) decrease |
|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|

8. Why does the graph in figure 8.14 show a flat line during the phase change?

9. When a solid changes directly to a gas it is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

| a) | condensation | b) evaporation | c) sublimation | d) freezing |
|----|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
|----|--------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|

10. At what temperature does matter break apart and change into plasma?

11. Man-made plasma is created when an electrical current is passed through a \_\_\_\_\_\_ like

12. Complete the following table to demonstrate your knowledge of the different phases of matter.

| Phase | Energy                   | Characteristics              | Temperature | Intermolecular<br>Force |
|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Solid |                          | Holds shape and doesn't flow |             | weakest                 |
|       | Molecules move<br>around |                              |             |                         |
| Gas   |                          |                              | high        | strong                  |
|       | Atoms break<br>apart     |                              | highest     |                         |